



FINANCIAL REPORT

To the Members,

Sailani Trust & Trustees (trust)

(formerly called Sailani Trust & Trustees (trust))

This document has been prepared by presenting the financial report of the business and operations along with the Audited Financial Statements (standalone and consolidated) of the company for the year ending on March 31, 2020.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the year under review, the performance of your company was as under:

(All amounts in Rupees: Thousands)

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	Year Ended on March 31, 2019	Year Ended on March 31, 2020	Year Ended on March 31, 2019	Year Ended on March 31, 2020
Revenue from operations	1,20,170.47	1,39,517.46	1,05,518.67	1,38,207.26
Profit/(Loss) before taxes	3,982.36	4,228.26	2,432.95	4,351.39
Less: Current Tax	81.88	181.85	81.88	181.88
Less: Tax Provision of prior years	87.96	174.14	87.96	174.14
Less: Deferred Tax	183.17	188.27	183.17	188.27
Profit/(Loss) after tax	3,839.35	3,884.00	3,080.04	3,897.10
Less: Prior Period Expenses	-	-	-	-
Add: Income &/(or) loss, the previous year	1,300.04	6,352.52	1,300.04	6,352.52
Less: Transfer to Reserve Funds	-	-	-	-
Balance Available / Fund / LP at the end of year	5,482.39	7,099.58	4,460.08	7,309.62

FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The brief highlights of the company's performance (Consolidated) for the financial year ending March 31, 2020 are:

- During the year under review, your company has earned gross revenue of Rs. 1,39,517.46 in thousands as compared to Rs. 1,20,170.47 in thousands previous financial year.
- Profit after tax for the year under review amounted to Rs. 3,884.00 in thousands as compared to Rs. 3,080.04 in thousands in the previous financial year.



Sailani Trust & Trustees Limited

Company Office:
11/11, Ganga Road, Sector 17
Gurgaon, Haryana-122002
E-mail: info@sailanigroup.com
Tel: 0124-2333333

Registered Office:
11/11, Ganga Road, Sector 17
Gurgaon, Haryana-122002
Tel: 0124-2333333

CHANGES IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

There have been no changes in the nature of the business of the Company. Such Company continues to be in the business of Trade and Investment services.

CHANGES

During the year the actual performance, not stated for past Company, your Board of Directors doesn't declare dividends to the company. It is a growing stage and hence no limit for expansion. Your attention is not improvement you demand for the year ended 31 March 2020.

CHANGES IN INCORPORATION/CHANGE IN JURISDICTION/CHANGE IN LAW AND PRACTICE

Provisions of Section 13(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply as there are no dividend declared and paid.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Your Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance to financial figures. At the end of the financial year, the income of Company Income was Rs. 1,00,000 (in thousands), after adjusting the balance of Profit and Loss account and for the financial year ended during the year, the income and surplus balance for financial year 2019-20 amounted to Rs. 20,00,000 (in thousands) which is subject to the approval of the Board of Directors and auditors.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, STATE OF AFFAIRS, AND PROSPECTS

In accordance with Section 13(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, a statement summarizing the nature of the financial statements of the subsidiary and associated companies in Part B of the financial statement is provided in the Annex. The statement also provides details of performance and financial position of the subsidiary. The Consolidated Financial Statement prepared by the Company include the financial results of the subsidiary company.

The Company has a wholly owned subsidiary company i.e., **Company Name Limited (INCORPORATED IN INDIA)** have period for 31 March 2020. There are no associates or joint venture companies as per the definition of Section 2(17) of the Companies Act, 2013 (Act).

CHANGES IN THE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

During the financial year under review, there has been no change in the authorized, issued, subscribed and fully paid-up Share Capital of your Company.

4. The authorized Share Capital of the Company is on 31 March, 2020 was

- Rs. 100,00,000 (Rupees Ten Crores) divided into 10,00,000 (Ten Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each (Rupees Ten Lakh).

5. The paid up Share Capital of the Company is on 31 March, 2020 was

- Rs. 4,00,00,000 (Rupees Four Crores) divided into 40,00,000 (Forty Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each (Rupees Forty Lakhs) divided into 40,00,000 (Forty Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each (Rupees Forty Lakhs).

SECURITY UNDER CHAPTER 2 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

During the financial year, the Company has not accepted any deposits under the meaning of Section 73 & 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 and all the loans have been secured and therefore, no amount of principal or interest or both was outstanding as at the financial year end.



COMPARISON REPORT IS REQUIRED

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the financial accounting standards applicable to the consolidated financial statements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The audited consolidated financial statements along with the auditor's Report Form No. 20 are enclosed herewith.

NOTES, FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES, SPECIFIC AND GENERAL DISCLOSURE, IN THE ACCOUNTS REPORT HAVE BEEN GIVEN BETWEEN PAGES 148 AND 155 OF THE ACCOUNTS REPORT OF THE COMPANY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIODS 2020-21 AND 2019-20 OF THE REPORT.

There is no material change in the presentation pattern between the end of financial year of the company, and the end of the financial year with effect to the financial year of the company.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Company has complied with all the applicable financial accounting standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

INTERNAL SECURITY OF INFORMATION

The Company strictly complies with the provisions of the Information Security Act, 2008, in the use of the information technology system from the date of its commencement. Hence, the financial statements of the company are not affected by the provisions of the Information Security Act, 2008.

REVENUE RECOGNITION POLICY OF THE COMPANY

The revenue has been recognized in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961, and the Companies Act, 2013, and the Accounting Standards, 2008.

ISSUES OF SHARE CAPITAL AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ISSUED BY THE MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY

No significant issues have been raised by the regulatory authorities in connection with the financial statements of the company for the financial year 2020-21 and 2019-20.

CURRENT STATUS OF COMPLIANCE OF FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS WITH THE FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Company has no compliance issues in connection with the financial accounting standards, which are applicable to the company and the financial statements of the company are not affected by the provisions of the financial accounting standards.

DETAILS OF COMPLIANCE

Pursuant to Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, the financial statements of the company for the financial year 2020-21 and 2019-20 are enclosed herewith.

DETAILS OF COMPLIANCE

During the financial year ended 31st March 2021, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Accounting Standards, 2008.

S. No.	Date of Issuance	Year of Issuance	No. of Directors Present
1	30.09.2020	1	1
2	30.09.2020	2	2
3	30.09.2020	3	3
4	30.09.2020	4	4
5	30.09.2020	5	5



PRELIMINARY INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATION FOR THE

Shareholder in taking decisions on Company's offer by the Company under Section 261 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under consideration the said provision is as follows:-

PROVISIONS OF THE SECT. 2 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND SECTION 261 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Section 261 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other details is covered under Section 261 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 192 of the Companies (General) Regulations 2014 and Section 261 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 192 of the Companies (General) Regulations 2014.

PROVISIONS OF THE SECT. 2 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND SECTION 261 OF THE

Shareholder in taking decisions on Company's offer by the Company under Section 261 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under consideration the said provision is as follows:-

SECTION 261 OF THE

Shareholder in taking decisions on Company's offer by the Company under Section 261 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under consideration the said provision is as follows:-

There are no qualifications or adverse remarks in the auditor's report which require any clarification/explanation. The relevant financial statements are satisfactory and need no further explanation.

Shareholder in taking decisions on Company's offer by the Company under Section 261 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year under consideration the said provision is as follows:-

One of the members of the Company has proposed Mr. K. K. Choudhary & Co., Chartered Accountants to be appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company. It is proposed to appoint Mr. K. K. Choudhary & Co., Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of 5 years. The Company has received a certificate under Rule 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 192 of the Companies (General) Regulations 2014 from Mr. K. K. Choudhary & Co., Chartered Accountants, certifying their eligibility to be appointed as the auditors of the Company and that they are free from any disqualification and that they are not under any disqualification under the Companies Act, 2013.

The company has received the approval of Mr. K. K. Choudhary & Co., as the Statutory Auditors to audit the accounts of the company for the financial year 2024-25. The approval is recommended for the shareholders to take the necessary action.

RECOMMENDATION

Mr. K. K. Choudhary & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 2004000) has been appointed as Statutory Auditor of the company for the financial year 2024-25.



The paper is about 20% concerned in *Business 101* is the actual figure and there are no qualifications, comparisons and other details and the comments given by the respected authors of this report are all extremely positive. So we go to another business 101.com and find the results of the test.

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4500

4. *Construction Planning Technology Adoption*

As a company being in the front end of the market, we wanted to make any technological knowledge and research and development. Therefore, the backbone of the European document from 2004, at around 20 pages of commercial of energy and technology education. It is not available in the European Union, the governments of companies are not being informed. However, the document also says that it should contain use of energy in very energy efficient 22 (energy, environment etc).

4. Assign Exchange Garnings and Groups

As the University is engaged in the business of research, information technology is a critical tool for the University to achieve its research goals. The University is committed to the development and use of information technology to support its research goals.

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*Average wage range: \$10.00-\$12.00 per hour. Actual wages may vary by location and experience.

DOI: 10.1002/ajb.a.10029

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Rank	Contestant Name	Age	Home Town
1	Mr. Lyle J. Smith	30 years	Longview, Texas
2	Mr. J. L. Smith	30 years	Waco, Texas
3	Mr. J. L. Smith	30 years	Waco, Texas
4	Mr. J. L. Smith	30 years	Waco, Texas
5	Mr. J. L. Smith	30 years	Waco, Texas

Journal of Macroeconomics 24 (2002) 331–344

Name		Address
1	Mr. P. J. Smith	1234 Main St.
2	Mr. J. D. Jones	5678 Oak Ave.



We confirm on behalf of all our shareholders, investors, and other interested parties that we have reviewed the following information:

"During the last twelve months, there have been no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company or the Board of Directors, and no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors or the Board of Directors have been made during the last twelve months."

COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD

There are currently three members of the Board, as follows:

1. Mr. [Name]
2. Mr. [Name]
3. Mr. [Name]

COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD

During the last twelve months, there have been no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company or the Board of Directors, and no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors or the Board of Directors have been made during the last twelve months."

NAME OF THE BOARD	COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD	STATUS OF THE BOARD
Mr. [Name]	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. [Name]	Member	Independent Director
Mr. [Name]	Member	Member

The Company's Board of Directors is composed of three members, as follows:

Board and Composition of the Board

The Board and Composition of the Board of Directors is as follows: (a) the Board of Directors of the Company is composed of three members, as follows:

1. the representative for government, investors and other parties of shareholders of the Company;
2. review and monitor the company's management and performance, and effectiveness of such policy;
3. supervision of the financial statement and other matters; report the same;
4. supervise any subsequent regulation or violation of the company with shareholders;
5. priority of non-executive directors and shareholders;
6. review of potential legal issues of the company, whenever it is necessary;
7. supervise the financial statement and other matters; report the same;
8. supervise the financial statement of the company through audit and other matters.

STANDING BOARD COMMITTEE

During the last twelve months, there have been no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company or the Board of Directors, and no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors or the Board of Directors have been made during the last twelve months."

NAME OF THE BOARD	COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD	STATUS OF THE BOARD
Mr. [Name]	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. [Name]	Member	Independent Director
Mr. [Name]	Member	Chief Executive Officer



independently, for primary and secondary purposes, and for the company without prejudice to the Board's right to remove or disinvest.

Scope and functions of the Committee:

The Scope and functions of the Sustainability Reporting Committee is in accordance with Section 128 of the Companies Act, 2013 insofar as follows:

1. the identification and integration of environmental issues, opportunities and risks, and the resulting strategy of the company related to its sustainability capability;
2. monitoring of management in accordance to short and long-term corporate performance parameters; and
3. assessment to identify, the material personal and social management related to a balance between short and long-term goals, achieving short and long-term performance objectives represented in the strategy of the company and to give.

3. Appointment and Remuneration Committee

(provided in the attached addendum 12 of the Companies Act, 2013)

Director of the Company	Designation in committee	Source of Independence
Mr. Shrinivasan	Chairman	Independent Director
Mr. Rajagopal	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Anandharaman Chandra	Member	Non-Executive Director

Scope and functions of the Committee:

The Scope and functions of the Remuneration and Remuneration Committee is provided with Section 128 of the Companies Act, 2013 insofar as follows: that would include the determination of the remuneration of the company's directors.

MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Company through its Executive Director, / Senior Management Personnel, provide appropriate / presentation periodically to facilitate the independent Director with the strategy, business and functions of the Company. Such program / presentation will provide an opportunity to the independent Director to interact with the senior leadership team of the Company and help them to understand the Company's strategy, business model, operations, various core product offering, market, expansion program, financial, human resource, technology, quality, facilities and risk management and such other related matters that may arise from time to time. The program / presentation shall also facilitate the independent Director with their views, inputs and suggestions.

The Company provides laws and policies related to the industry as a regular basis and may provide specific regulatory updates from time to time and The Company conduct its introductory / orientation program / presentation when a new independent Director joined in the Board of the Company.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Independent Director of your Company have submitted the declaration of independence as required under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 certifying that they meet the criteria of independence under Section 149(5) of the Companies Act, 2013. Initial document pursuant to



Regulation 11.23(b) of the SEC Securities Exchange Listing Regulations, 2012 is intended for use collected by the relevant stock exchange.

RETRIBUTION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD

The Board shall be informed of any retributed by the business under Section 145(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

A detailed review of the operations, performance and other matters of the Company is set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEC Listing Regulations and Securities Exchange Regulations, 2012, is included, forms part of this Annual Report is attached as

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies Corporate Social Responsibility Policy Rules, 2014 are not applicable to our Company for the year under reference.

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

In terms of SEC Listing Regulations and Securities Exchange Regulations, 2012 companies that have listed their specified securities on BSE Exchange are exempted from compliance with environmental provisions.

Since the scope of work of the company is based exclusively on BSE, pursuant to BSE, the Company is exempted from compliance with corporate governance provisions, and accordingly, the reporting requirements like Corporate Governance Report, Business Responsibility Report etc. are not applicable to the Company.

ETHICS AND INTEGRITY CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy in line with the provisions of the Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The policy establishes a safe mechanism for directors and employees to report their genuine concerns raised or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct. The said mechanism also provides for adequate safeguard against retaliation of the person who has made complaint and takes pleasure in their sense in the disclosure of the said concerns. We confirm that during the financial year 2024-25, no complaint of the Company was received from the Audit Committee. The said Whistle Blower Policy is available on the website of the Company at <http://www.sakshar.com>

The Board of Directors has approved a Code of Conduct which is applicable to the directors of the Company and employees in the course of day to day business operations of the company. The Company has issued a "Zero Tolerance" against bribery, corruption and unethical dealings / behaviour of any form and the Board has laid down the direction to counter such acts. The Code has been posted on the Company's website (www.sakshar.com).

The Code has also the standard procedure of business conduct which is required to be followed by the directors and the employees in their business dealings and in purchase or matters relating to integrity in the work place, in business conduct and in dealing with competitors. The Code gives guidance through mandating or the expected behavior that an employee in a given situation and the resulting procedure.



All the Board Members and the Senior Management personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code. All Management Staff have given assurances relating to integrity.

THE MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has in place a mechanism to allow the Board assess the risk assessment and management controls and personnel actions to ensure that management controls the integrity of a properly defined business.

The Company has formulated and adopted the Management Policy to provide the assessment, management, reporting and decision mechanisms of the Company. The same is available on the website of the Company at: www.safelife.com

ANNUAL EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BOARD, ITS COMMITTEES AND OF INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORS

During the past twelve months, the Board is consistent with its Corporate No. 2013 and previous provision of 2011 (Using Corporate and Human Resource Management Regulation, 2011 (Using Regulation), has continued to adopt formal system for evaluating its performance and as well as that of its committees and individual Directors, including the Chairman of the Board. The system was carried out through a structured evaluation process covering various aspects of the Board functioning such as composition of the Board & Committees, experience & composition, performance of specific duties & initiatives, governance issues etc. Specific exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Board, as a whole and the Chairman, who were evaluated on parameters such as their attendance, contribution at the meetings and attendance, independent judgments, self-rating of priority the various issues etc.

The evaluation of the independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board with that of the Chairman and the Non-independent Directors, Committees of the Board and Board as a whole were conducted by the independent Directors in their separate meeting.

The process was aligned with the performance goals, which reflected the overall engagement of the Board and its Committees with the Company.

COMPANY POLICY REGARDING HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE INCLUDING PREVENTION & REMEDIAL ACTION

The policy is applicable to employees, workers, volunteers, consultants and temporary visiting staff on equivalent part-time contract, working in consultation or otherwise facilities in the office premises or outside office premises. The policy is also extended to all aspect of the employment contract or terms of engagement of the person at the Board workplace.

Where the alleged incident leads to our intention to a third party with an a duty under our personnel Company shall perform all measures and procedures that support our employee.

FOR DETAILS OF THE APPLICATION MADE IN ANY PROSECUTION PROCEEDING UNDER THE PREVENTION AND REMEDIAL ACTION ACT

The Company has not made any application of that any proceeding arising under the provisions of the Prevention and Remedial Action Act, 2013, based on the information received in the written complaint.



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Our studies will be a great deal greater assistance in the continued cooperation received from the State, Government, Institution, Government, Services and the public during the past year.

By Order of the Board
for the Secretary & Treasurer



John F. Smith

Secretary

(JF Smith)



William J. Smith

Treasurer

(WJ Smith)



Very truly yours,

Wm. J. Smith, Secretary

Form AOC-4

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 128 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries or associate companies or joint ventures

(All amount in Rupees Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Name of the Subsidiary	Travelstyle Private Limited (an unlisted subsidiary)
Date being Reported	31 st March 2019
Reporting Currency (Exchange Rate)	₹
Share Capital (₹)	₹. 50.00
Total Assets (₹)	₹. 11.50
Total Liabilities (₹)	₹. 11.50
Revenue	₹.
Turnover (₹)	₹.
Profit before Tax (₹)	₹.
Provision for Tax (₹)	₹.
Profit after Tax (₹)	₹.
Proposed Dividend (₹)	₹.
Extent of shareholding (in percentage)	100%



S.C. PAL & ASSOCIATES

Practising Company Secretaries

52/ B AVENUE DIDI THAKUR RAIL LANE

SHADRESWAR HOOGHLY 712124

ANNEXURE A

Form No. MR-1

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31/03/2024

(Particulars in section 205(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 2 of the Companies (Secretarial Audit) Regulations, 2014)

To

The Members Of

SALAKI TRAVELS & TOURS LIMITED

At-62 Ground Floor, 1st Lake (1st Sector-1,

Kharar Nagar, Ward-14 Pargana,

Lafit Lake, 700064, West Bengal, India.

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/N SALAKI TRAVELS & TOURS LIMITED** (hereinafter called the Company).

Secretarial Audit was conducted for the period from 1st April 2023 to 31st March 31, 2023 in a manner that provided a reasonable basis for evaluating the Company's compliance with statutory provisions and expressing an opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereunder:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 according to the provisions of:

1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under and various provisions of Companies Act, 1973 and rules made there under.



S.C. PAL & ASSOCIATES

Practising Company Secretaries

512 R B AVENUE DIDI THAKUR RANI LANE

BHADRESWAR HOOGHLY 712124

2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the rules made there under.
3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder.
4. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment and Overseas Investment.
5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India, 1992 (SEBI Act),
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992.
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009.
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999.
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registration as an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993.
6. Information Technology Act, 2008 and the rules made there under.
7. Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable provisions of the following:

1. The Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
2. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange.

During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:

1. Section 195 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to QIB is not applicable to the Company.

2. Cost Audit is not applicable to the Company as it is not a manufacturing concern.

We further report that as far as we have been able to ascertain:-

1. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors and the changes in the composition of Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
2. Adequate notice is given to all directors to attend the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.



S.C. PAL & ASSOCIATES

Practising Company Secretaries

512 R.B. AVENUE, DIDI THANUR RAIL LANE

CHADRESWAR HOODHLY 712124

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

It is noted that the compliance of all the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other laws is the responsibility of the management. We have relied on the representation made by the company and its officers in systems and structures set up by the company for compliance with applicable laws. Our examination, on a test-check basis, was limited to provisions followed by the Company in meeting the compliance with the said provisions. We note that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the stability of the Company's performance nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted its affairs. We further state that this is neither an assurance or representation of opinion on the financial position / statements of the Company. Moreover, we have not covered any matter stated in any other law which may be applicable to the Company except the aforementioned company laws of the Union of India.

Place: CHADRESWAR

Date: 04/01/2025



Practising Company Secretary

Membership No. V724

CP No. 11922

ISSUE FOR CERTIFICATION

Each Associate is certifying as integral part
of this Report

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as "ANNEXURE A"
and forms an integral part of this report



S.C. PAL & ASSOCIATES

Practising Company Secretaries

5/2 R.B. AVENUE EDDY THAKUR RANI LANE

BHADRABAR HOCHLY 712124

WAPREX/2024

To,

The Members of

MAGAM TOURS & TRAVELS LIMITED

40/42 Ground Floor, Salt Lake City, Sector 3,

Buffon Nagar, North 24 Parganas,

Kolkata-700041, West Bengal, India.

Our report of error dated is to be read along with the letter:

1. Statement of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and procedures as were recommended in other reasonable circumstances about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on the most basic to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices are followed properly & reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about compliance of law, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.
5. The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures or not facts.
6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assessment nor to the future viability of the Company nor of efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: BHADRABAR

Date: 04/04/2022


Practising Company Secretary

Membership No. 1724

(P No. 11/2022)

UDIN FM072AC081245437



ANNEXURE - B

DETAILS PURSUANT TO SECTION 197 (2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REIMBURSEMENT OF MANAGERIAL, PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

A. Remuneration paid to Directors & Key Managerial Personnel (KMP's)

The percentage earned or remuneration of each Director, Chief Executive Officer and Company Secretary during the financial year 2024-25 and ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2024-25 are as under:

S. No.	Name of the Director/KMP and Designation	Remuneration of Director/KMP for FY 2024-25 (Rs. In Lakhs)	% Increase in remuneration in the FY 2024-25	Ratio of remuneration of each Director to median remuneration of the employees
1.	Mrs. Pooja Devi Chaudhary Non-Executive Director	Nil	Nil	Nil
2.	Dr. Animesh Kumar Chaudhary Non-Executive Director	Nil	Nil	Nil
3.	Mrs. Anshu Chaudhary Chief Financial Officer	1.00	Nil	1.00
4.	Mr. Mihir Kumar Prasad Independent Director	Nil	Nil	NA
5.	Mrs. Ujjal Agarwal Independent Director	Nil	Nil	NA
6.	Mr. Pankaj Agarwal Company Secretary	0.00	Nil	NA

*NA is nothing, Not for Award and Committee Meeting

The median remuneration of employees of the Company during the Financial Year 2024-2025 was 1.00 Lakh

- ii. In the Financial year, there was an increase of 1.00 Lakh of the median remuneration of the employees.

- (i) The number of the permanent employees in the payroll of the company as of March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 was 12 and 17 respectively.
- (ii) Average percentage increase made in the salaries of the employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year i.e., 2023-24 was 8.9% whereas the managerial remuneration for the same financial year was 56.7%.
- (iii) It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and other employees adopted by the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Kirti Choudhary
Director
144 1542 8000


Anshu Arjun Khanna
Chairman
144 1542 8000



Place: Kolkata

Date: 27 September 2024

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The travel and travel industry is a dynamic and resilient sector that continues to evolve in response to changing consumer preferences, technological advancements, and global events. For management, understanding both domestic and international trends is crucial for strategic planning, resource allocation, and operational efficiency.

India Perspective: India's travel industry in 2023 marks a key milestone of economic revitalization, projected to contribute an impressive 12% add-on to the national GDP. Motivated by a remarkable resurgence in both domestic and international travel, the sector is witnessing a paradigm shift—driven by evolving traveler behaviors, cutting-edge digital innovation, and sustained government offerings. Key government programs like *Pradhan Mantri Udaan* and *Atmanirbhar Bharat* are catalyzing the momentum by promoting sustainable tourism and ethically conscious travel models. With enhanced air connectivity, smart infrastructure, and a thriving digital ecosystem, India is well-positioned to emerge as a global competitive, increasingly local destination.

International Perspective: Globally, the travel industry has demonstrated strong recovery and growth, with an increasing emphasis on personalized, sustainable, and tech-enabled travel experiences. Globally, according to the World Travel & Tourism Council (WTTC), the sector contributed US\$1.1 trillion to the global economy in 2022 and is projected to reach US\$1.7 trillion by 2027.

KEY TRENDS IMPACTING THE TRAVEL AND TOURISM SECTOR

Sustainable and Eco-Friendly: Travelers are looking for accommodations and businesses that demonstrate a commitment to sustainability, such as recycling, water conservation, and fair labor practices. *Indian Travel & Tourism Limited* has integrated eco-conscious offerings including electric vehicle tours and partnerships with eco-certified hotels.

Technological Innovation: The travel and tourism industry's use of technology is expanding at an incredible rate. With advancements in artificial intelligence, AI, VR, AR, and a seemingly unlimited growth in cloud and big data, the industry is poised for a bright future.

From personalized travel recommendations to seamless booking processes, technology is revolutionizing the way customers seek services & how providers need to adapt.

Cultural, Historical and Adventure Travel: Travelers are increasingly seeking authentic local experiences and cultural immersion when they travel. *Indian Travel & Tourism Limited*

(Offer a variety of experiential activities that help visitors learn, cultural festivals & experiences, sight & heritage-related experiences both on trails and outdoors), providing visitors a deeper connection with the unique people, history and culture of the place they visit.

WYOMING/ILLINOIS

In line with global trends, the nation's tourism sector is experiencing the pressures of sustainable and increasingly repeat visitors to attract resources. With a dedicated effort to enhance tourism, the country has prioritized industry requirements by ensuring that foreign direct investment opportunities in tourism exist in tourism. The government has adopted a tourism-oriented strategy to propel tourism during the "Tourist Boom", accompanied by a strategic roadmap for the next 25 years. The objective is to transform India into a premier global tourism destination by 2031, creating an extended phase for visitors that around the world.

The Indian Government has outlined the country's potential in the tourism industry and has taken several steps to make India a global tourism hub. Some of the major initiatives planned by the Government of India to boost the tourism and hospitality sector of India are as follows:

- Budget 2023 allocated Rs. 2,000 crore to tourism & 25% tourism FDI
- Launch of "India's Open Book" L1 campaign to promote India tourism destination
- Expansion of e-visas/OTAs
- Development of India Tourism Souk in various states to enhance contribution of the sector
- Sign pact for Cruise Tourism, with 3 new ports located within development
- Collaboration with country like Japan, France, and the UK by creating consortium and tourist partnerships

There has been a clear increase in domestic tourism market and demand as a result of the Government's investments to boost related infrastructure. Travelers are exploring the country more extensively, discovering local attractions and hidden gems, taking leisure in domestic United has capitalizing on the trend by enhancing its domestic tour offerings and growing its domestic tourism segment.

MARKET SIZE

The global tourism market is expected to reach USD 11.12 trillion by FY 2024-25. Global tourist and tourism market projected to reach USD 11.12 trillion in 2025. Indian tourism market market is estimated to reach USD 122 billion by FY 2025. Cruise tourism is set to grow by 15% CAGR, reaching 1.2 billion passengers by 2025. Cruise travel booking expected to increase with 80% market penetration in India by HEM, H&A and hospitality sector projected to reach USD 11 trillion by FY 2027. As India, we continued to attract investments from the offering world-class accommodations and exploring community-based tourism projects. The demand for travel is also being supported by more positive supply side developments. India

government has estimated that India could emerge with a nation size of 1.5 billion strong (before by 2040). The globalisation index is on a steady path to full recovery, expected to surpass pre-pandemic levels by 2025. According to the World Travel & Tourism Council (WTTC), the global Travel & Tourism sector contributed 1.08 \$T to GDP in the prior scenario in 2021 and is projected to reach 1.03 \$T in 2024. The global travel sector is likely to be hit by increased digital adoption, sustainable tourism initiatives, and rising the economic uncertainties. Europe and Asia-Pacific economies and its infrastructure, will growth driven by resilient and travel industries seeking robust opportunities. Key trends globally include to drive travel post-pandemic, tourism forecasts under growth, resilient travel, climate-friendly tourism, and the rise of local adventures.

Spain and Germany: Travel and recreation are witnessing growth in both. The government's infrastructure strategy shows a dual focus Budget 2024. It allocated 1.1 billion to transport, a 17% increase YoY. 4 years have doubled to 100 in the past decade under the TENA vision for regional areas, rising to 120 by 2030. As the use of high-speed railway rose, this is increasingly taking into a global market but not self-drive growth. New short-haul flights were opened before in destinations like France, Canada, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, and Georgia.

On other, <https://www.aaib.gov.uk/news/aaib-reports-investigation-into-12th-august-2023-accident-at-luton-airport>, it showed pre-arrival to the use of mobile app, with 40 calls being to correctly entering it to Gatwick aircraft.

According to the World Travel & Tourism Council (WTTC), India added 1.08 billion (44 percent) to total of world and travel's own contribution to GDP in 2019. This achievement is a record significant role in the national economy. In Traveler Trust (2023/PTT), India's travel and tourism sector is projected to contribute over \$11 billion (2.28 \$B) billion to the economy, making a substantial increase from previous years. The sector makes its mark in projected to reach 1.04 \$T billion by PTT from its estimated 1.03 \$T billion in PTT. The Indian travel market including domestic, inbound and outbound was estimated at 1.02 \$T billion in PTT and is expected to reach 1.08 \$T billion by PTT. Also by the report, demand from travellers and economic effect of travel again is found the highest.

Indonesia Travel: To see the growth in the tourism market, via the entry, a company view on arrival announcements as well as other forms of information from various countries are increasingly taking interest to tourism in India.

Maldives (visa and tourism): According to a WorldTravel report, Maldives are among top 10, averaging 37.4 days per trip in 2020 compared to 33.9 days in 2022. Additionally, there's a demand around for 40,000 more trips of 11 nights, with domestic and overseas outbound.

Maldives: The travel and tourism industry is moving into a new phase of high performance growth in FY 2023-25. Supported by robust policy framework, strong consumer expenditure, and digital transformation, the sector is poised for transformational growth progression.

Figure 1. Study design.

- 4. Integration of highly substituted monomers into traditional polymers: the Eyring Group's Conical Azo and Alkyls
- 5. Green & biodegradable polymers and fibers synthesized with easily obtained from DPs and GPs (see below)
- 6. Composites with 3D conjugated inorganic crystals and rigid polymer architectures under the Eyring of Dight, Eric and Michael
- 7. From the Eyring and Eric Eyring reaction, allowing a new polymer material

The Government of India has produced a series of initiatives to promote research and development.

- **Yus/Via Scheme:** Division of the state is expected to come up to stimulate tourism demand
- **Via Railways:** Introduction of an expanded faster Via network, a freight route (London)
- **eVia Programme:** India has entered its eVia facility to save 111 minutes, with improvement double would follow in the coming years
- **Healthcare and Welfare:** Further Low cost medical treatment and diagnostics with a package also providing necessary services of nutritional patients

According to a press study by *Statista* and *The Daily*, India's travel and tourism industry is expected to grow at 7.5% annually, supported by increasing public tourism, vibrant marketing, and sustainable infrastructure.

REFERENCES AND NOTES

Strategy and Business Rules: The Company's success will be measured by its revenues and its profitability. The Company's success will be measured by its revenues and its profitability. The Company's success will be measured by its revenues and its profitability.

Eliminate Risk: Our business is closely associated with its main asset—the people in the insurance industry and working power. The professionals who buy up only add to global health and safety concerns but are also human beings who need help and education.

Future Work: As we engage in innovation, involving multiple customers and opening various design opportunities, we look to incorporate such as design exchange (Kuczkowski). This behavior may come from the possibility of collaborative process functioning that can impact our business outcomes.

Competitive Rule: As a common rule, we require to compete with best business among various geographical regions. The optimal weights are calculated to provide a means for more competitive pricing.

CONSTITUTION AND TARIFFS

It is an important health message to stress to the students that, by doing their homework regularly, they are better able to keep their brains sharper and more ready, making it a lot easier to learn today's lesson for school and tomorrow.

business affairs. This staff includes clerical changes, such as the reallocation of certain duties to the bookkeeping staff or the option to use an electric instead of a mechanical adding machine. Other sophisticated examples might include having such a business document, perhaps working on a new system or engaging in a computer audit.

Extensive financial analysis, a labor savings offering, 401(k) program, various change guidelines, and the likelihood that corporate could rely more heavily on pre-qualified funds.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FROM 2000 TO 2004
 For the period 2000 to 2004, the Company's total income for the year ended 2004 was \$1,100,000 (in thousands) as compared to \$1,233,140.75 (in thousands) for the previous financial year. Profit after tax for the year ended 2004 was \$1,077,000 (in thousands) as compared to \$1,200,000 (in thousands) for the previous financial year.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ABILITY

Internal control systems are established in all processes across all divisions within the Company. These systems are regularly reviewed and wherever necessary, they are modified or redesigned to ensure better efficiency, effectiveness, and improved control. All business and financial activities are subject to internal audit which are further supported by financial audit and external tax financial reporting to meet and file, and other financial activities are designed and operating effectively.

INTERNAL MANAGEMENT

The Company has a great emphasis on the importance of human resources and manages the human resources in a professional and efficient manner. The Company has a strong focus on the quality of people employed as a full-time staff by the Company, which is about 1000 people as of 2004.

DETAILED INFORMATION ON THE COMPANY'S KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS:

RATIO	Q1 2004-05	Q1 2003-04
Return on Assets	1.0%	1.0%
Current Ratio	1.10	1.10
Debt Equity Ratio	0.10	0.10
Net Profit Margin (%)	0.8%	0.8%

DECLARATION BY DIRECTOR ON BEHALF

During the year under review, that Board of the company has received Rs. 75,00,00 (in Rupees) loan from the Govt. of the company in the previous financial year was Rs. 75,00,00 (in Rupees).

For and behalf of Board of Directors of

Swati Textile Mills Limited

Company's office: Swati Textile Mills, Swati, Punjab
Contact:

Swati Textile Mills Limited

(Signature)

(Date: 10/10/2017)

Swati Textile Mills Limited

Director

(Date: 10/10/2017)



Page: 1/1

Date: 10/10/2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of **Eastern Town & Towns Limited**
(Formerly called **Eastern Town & Towns Private Limited**)

Based on the audit on the accounts for the financial year

Report

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial statements of **Eastern Town & Towns Limited** (formerly called **Eastern Town & Towns Private Limited**) ("the Company"), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2023, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the statements forming part thereof, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

It is our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid statements of financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required, and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, of the profit for the year ended on that date.

Scope of opinion

We conducted our audit of the aforesaid financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Auditing (Amended) under section 443(1), of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the statements of financial statements" section of our report. We are not responsible for the Company's compliance with the "Code of Ethics" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are essential to our audit of the aforesaid financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, nor we have formed any other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements under the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the statements of financial statements for the financial year ended



March 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of financial audit addressed the matter is provided in the context.

We have identified the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have tailored the responsibilities described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the work of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed in address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Revenue Recognition Subsidiary No. 1341 and 14 "Revenue Recognition" and "Revenue Recognition" in the financial statements. In December 11, 2021, the financial statements revenue is recognized in compliance and consistent of underlying assets. Revenue from fixed and fixed related business has a lot of fixed and revenue in multiple fixed office IT systems and the recognition is fixed office system. Thus, it has been considered as significant revenue audit.	Our audit procedures included the following: • Assessing the controls in respect of revenue recognition by comparing with the applicable standards. • Evaluating the design, testing the appropriateness and identifying effectiveness of the company's internal controls over revenue recognition along with effectiveness of internal IT controls and control built in automated process. • Checking of completeness and accuracy of the data used by the Company in testing the system in operation. • Reviewing samples of revenue transactions and testing the same for substance and accuracy. • Testing the revenue model in operation, where applicable. • Referring process over the internal fixed and fixed related revenue. • Reviewing journal entries passed to revenue to identify unusual items and unusual items.



Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Financial Report, including footnotes to Financial Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 114 (2) of the Act with regard to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and movements cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, related matters; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Nonrecurring Financial Statements

We identified and obtain reasonable assurance about whether the nonrecurring financial statements (a) are done on a fair basis without misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, given due to auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAP always (1) will detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users based on the audit of these nonrecurring financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on auditing, specified under section 101.02 of the AICPA's updated professional judgment and standards professional judgment throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the nonrecurring financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 101.02 of the Company's 101, we are also responsible for assessing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Consider the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the nonrecurring financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern, and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the nonrecurring financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



The letter should also have changed with governance regarding, among other matters, the internal control and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant observations or recommendations that we identify during the audit.

Materiality is the importance of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider qualitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work, and (ii) in assessing the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

The letter should have changed with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and in consultation with them, all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of real significance to the audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 and on however the key audit matters. We included these matters in our auditor's report unless we are required to exclude such disclosure about the matter or, when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2003 (the Order), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (7) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Remarks" section of our report on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, in the extent applicable:
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements.
 - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company, so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time.



- at (1) the basis of the other representations issued from the directors as of March 31, 2020, which are issued by the Board of Directors, none of the parties is designated as of March 31, 2020, but being reported as a director or member of the Board of Directors (2) of the fact.
- d. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and the resulting effectiveness of such controls, who is not required to provide "Additional 2" to the report.
- g. With respect to, the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 107(10) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and based on the information and according to the explanations given to us the information paid by the company during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 107 of the Act.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2016, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has no pending litigation which would be material to its financial position as at 31 March 2020.
 - The Company has no long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any interest (immovable assets) as at 31 March 2020.
 - There were no amounts which were required to be ascertained in the financial statements and Provision Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2020.
 - The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or borrowed (other than bank overdrafts or short-term loans or any other source of kind of funds) by the company to or for any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("non-related"), with the understanding whether recorded or not, or otherwise, that the management shall, directly or indirectly, act in or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiary") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiary.
 - The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding whether recorded or not, or otherwise, that the company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities controlled by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate



Article 1 referred to in paragraph 1 of the section on "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of year 2020 on the standalone financial statements of Salbit Trade & Finance Limited (formerly called Salbit Trade & Finance Private Limited) for the year ended 31 March 2021

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing all particulars including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment
(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing all particulars of the intangible assets
- (ii) All Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were identified at such verification
- (iii) There is no immovable property held by the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 22(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- (iv) The Company has not involved its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of use assets) in mortgage loans during the year ended March 31, 2021
- (v) There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any immovable property under the Prohibition of Money Lending Ordinance Act, 1980 and/or under the related laws
- (vi) (a) The turnover ratio of foreign currency is high. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 26(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limit in excess of Rs 2 crores in aggregate with banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 26(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- (vii) During the year the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, good guarantees and provided security to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 26(c) to (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, investments, guarantees and security in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable



- the drawings, to report on, draw, file or the order is not available to the Company.
- (v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amount which an advertisement appears in either the meeting of sections 73 to 75 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, in the extent applicable accordingly. The requirement to report on clause 73(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of any record under sub-section (1) of Section 147 of the Act for any services rendered to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 73(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) The Company is generally engaged in dealing with corporate and other collateralized primary class including goods and services tax, provision, fund, employee state insurance, income tax, services, services, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other provisions then applicable to it. Accordingly, to the exemption and exemptions given to us and based on such provisions performed by us, is exempted amount payable in respect of these services, which were according, at the year end, for a period of three years to report from the period of income tax.
- According to the records of the Company, there are no dues of goods and services tax, provision fund or deposit with revenue, income tax, employee state insurance, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues which have not been discharged or settled at any stage.
- (b) The Company has not purchased or disposed any immovable property, securities, in the books of account, in the tax statements under the Income Tax Act, 1961 or income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 73(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (viii) (a) According to the records of the Company maintained by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not collected a remittance of funds or drawings of it in the payment of interest dividend to any holder, or in liquidation of the same.
- (b) The Company has not been declared as a defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on records by us, Company has not issued any term loans during the year, and hence, the



- (1) Company has not issued any securities and the stock has been returned to the order to the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (2) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly reporting under clause (b) of the Order with regard to compliance with the provisions of section 182 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (3) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of section 43A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on these aspects of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (4) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not conducted any non-banking financial or housing financial activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (COR) from the Reserve Bank of India or from the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (5) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (6) According to the information and explanations given by the management, there is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group. Hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (7) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current year as well as in the immediately preceding financial year respectively.
- (8) There has been no resignation from the statutory auditors during the year. Hence requirement to report on clause 3(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (9) On the basis of the financial statements disclosed in order to the financial statements, aging and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the audited financial statements, or knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our



information of the services supporting the example 14, nothing has come to an attention which would lead to believe that any material assembly exists on the basis of the audit report that Company would require in meeting its liabilities during all the date of interest when we and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

- (a) With respect to obligations under European social responsibility (ESR), the company is not required to spend towards CSR based on clients as specified under section 124(b) of the Act during the year and there are no such ongoing projects and unpaid amount related to it. Hence no reporting is required to be reported under the clause 124(b) of the Order.
- (a) The reporting under clause 124(c) of the Order is not applicable if respect of audit of consolidated financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been indicated in respect of it, under the clause.

Paul H. Mullerstein & Co.

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Reference 2 to the Independent Auditor's report of audit date on the standalone financial statements of Salford Trust of Nevada Limited (formerly called Salford Trust of Nevada Private Limited)

Based on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (The Act)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Salford Trust of Nevada Limited (hereinafter called Salford Trust of Nevada Private Limited) (The Company) for the period 01.04.2022 to 31.03.2023 in connection with the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting system established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control system in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on the audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and the standards on auditing, as specified under section 143(3) of the Act. As required under the Act and the Guidance Note, we conducted our audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements were designed and implemented and if such controls operated effectively in all material aspects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures referred to above are the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.



Infiniti Trust Services Limited
(formerly Infiniti Trust Services Limited)
INFINTI TRUST SERVICES LIMITED
Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2021

(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31st March	Year ended 31st March
		2021	2020
(A) Revenue from Operations	19	88,774.07	78,422.34
(B) Other Income	20	632.55	71.74
(C) REVENUE		89,406.62	78,494.08
(D) EXPENSES			
(a) Cost of Services Provided	21	88,184.47	88,750.46
(b) Depreciation Expenses	22	(88.96)	72.71
(c) Impairment Reversal Expenses	23	4,774.11	1,082.28
(d) Finance Costs	24	(894.51)	80.75
(e) Governmental Assistance Expenses	25	2,023.19	1,761.22
(f) Other Expenses	26	1,121.09	6,113.37
(g) Provisions Expense (Income)		(55.85)	134.40
(H) TOTAL EXPENSES		96,081.44	100,095.03
(I) Profit Loss before Tax (PBT)		3,325.18	4,228.29
(J) Tax Expense			
(i) Current Tax		61.40	88.00
(ii) Tax Provision of prior year		(8.50)	17.50
(iii) Deferred Tax		152.21	361.27
		205.11	466.77
(K) Profit Loss for the Year (PLFY)		3,119.97	3,761.52
(L) Payable for Equity Share (Part Value of share Rs 10/-)	27		
(i) Rs 10/-		0.01	0.01
(ii) Rs 10/-		0.01	0.01

Notes: (i) To (L) is an integral part of these financial statements.

(ii) The Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss should be read together with notes.

For M. Maheshwari & Co.

Chartered Accountants

For Infiniti Trust Services Limited


M. Maheshwari & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Mumbai - 400 001

For Infiniti Trust Services Limited


Infiniti Trust Services Limited
Mumbai - 400 001

Page 1 of 1
Date: 30th Mar 2021



Warrant of Appointment of a Receiver of a Company
 (Section 109 of the Companies Act, 1947)
 (Form No. 109)
 (To be filled up by the Court or the Registrar of Companies)

(To be filled up by the Court or the Registrar of Companies)

Particulars	Rs. Paise	Paise	Total
1. Capital of the Company			
2. Reserve and Surplus			
3. Assets of the Company			
4. Liabilities of the Company			
5. Total			
6. Assets of the Company			
7. Liabilities of the Company			
8. Total			
9. Assets of the Company			
10. Liabilities of the Company			
11. Total			
12. Assets of the Company			
13. Liabilities of the Company			
14. Total			
15. Assets of the Company			
16. Liabilities of the Company			
17. Total			
18. Assets of the Company			
19. Liabilities of the Company			
20. Total			
21. Assets of the Company			
22. Liabilities of the Company			
23. Total			
24. Assets of the Company			
25. Liabilities of the Company			
26. Total			
27. Assets of the Company			

The Court or the Registrar of Companies has appointed the Receiver of the Company to receive and manage the assets and liabilities of the Company and to pay the debts of the Company out of the assets received by him.

For the Court or the Registrar of Companies:
 Signature of the Court or the Registrar of Companies
 Name of the Court or the Registrar of Companies
 Address of the Court or the Registrar of Companies

For the Receiver of the Company:
 Signature of the Receiver of the Company
 Name of the Receiver of the Company
 Address of the Receiver of the Company

For the Court or the Registrar of Companies:
 Signature of the Court or the Registrar of Companies
 Name of the Court or the Registrar of Companies
 Address of the Court or the Registrar of Companies

Salariy Tovar & Transport Limited
(formerly listed Salariy Tovar & Transport Finance Limited)
CN No. 10000000000000000000
Noted in the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Company Overview

Salariy Tovar & Transport Limited (formerly listed Salariy Tovar & Transport Finance Limited) is a joint company controlled in whole and operated under the provisions of Companies Act 2013. The Company is listed on the Moscow Stock Exchange under tick symbol on IP July 2020.

2. Basis of Preparation of Standalone Financial Statements

The standalone financial statements are prepared and presented under the historical cost convention on accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP) and comply in all material aspects with the mandatory accounting standards (IAS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies Accounting Standards Rules, 2011, and with the various provisions of the Act and provisions of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

Assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Act. Based on the nature of the work, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as up to twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The Standalone financial statements have been prepared in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded off to nearest thousands, except requirements of Schedule II, which otherwise stated.

3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of standalone financial statements is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which require the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of liabilities at the date of the standalone financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates used by management in the preparation of these standalone financial statements include the valuations of the economic useful life of the property, plant and equipment, provisions for bad and doubtful debts and employee benefits. Key assumptions accounting estimates are management's accounting.

4. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost, net of depreciation. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Subsequent expenditures, if any, related to an item of PPE are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from seeking asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.



Alstom Energy & Services Limited
(Formerly Alstom Energy Services Private Limited)
(CIN No. U33000GJ2019PLC14710)

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

1. Trade receivables

The Company comprises of current tax and collection fee

(a) Current tax

The tax expense comprises of current taxes and deferred taxes. Current tax is the amount of income tax determined to be payable or refundable for a period on the basis of the Income Tax Act, 1961 & its amendments.

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the effect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income. A liability is recognised when the tax expense or income tax is more than the tax payable or refundable in the subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax law enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognised if such income tax benefits are recognised/deferred only to the extent that there is reasonable virtual certainty, depending on the nature of the timing differences, the sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

2. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of which could be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

A liability for a contingent liability is made when there is a present obligation or a present obligation not probably will be required in future if resources. When there is a present obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood or outflow of resources is remote, no provision is recognised in truth.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the standalone financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed periodically and if a reliable estimate for an inflow of resources benefits will arise, the asset and whether such an inflow is probable or not is assessed in the period in which the change occurs.

3. Earnings Per Share

(a) Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

(b) For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the equity shareholders and weighted average number of equity outstanding if any are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

4. Retirement Expenses Pension Plan

Retirement Expenses are over a period of 5 years as per the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961.



Balance Sheet & Income Statement
Shree A. Vaidyaiah & Co. Pvt. Ltd. (Public Company)
of FY 2020-21 (2021-22)

True to the International Financial Accounting Standards for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in Rupees Lakhs only, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2022	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Share Capital				
Authorized Share Capital				
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,000	10,00,00,000
	1,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,000	10,00,00,000
Reserve, Surplus and Profit (Loss) and Capital				
Equity Reserve of Rs. 10/- each	2,00,000	2,00,00,000	2,00,000	2,00,00,000
	2,00,000	2,00,00,000	2,00,000	2,00,00,000

ii. Breakdown of Equity Share of Rs. 10/- and corresponding assets representing equity for end of the period

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2022	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Share issued up to the beginning of the financial year	1,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,00,000
Additional Shares Issued During the year				
Part issued up to the end of the year	4,00,000	4,00,00,000	4,00,000	4,00,00,000

Notes:

- The Authorized Share Capital of the company has been increased from 2,00,00,00,000/- to 10,00,00,00,000/- during the period 01/04/2020 to 31/03/2022.
- On 01/04/2020, the company issued 10,00,00,000/- equity shares of Rs. 10/- each at a premium of Rs. 10/- per share. The total amount received was Rs. 1,00,00,00,000/- during the period 01/04/2020 to 31/03/2022.
- The Company has issued 4,00,00,000/- equity shares of Rs. 10/- each during the period 01/04/2021 to 31/03/2022. The Company has issued equity shares during the period 01/04/2021 to 31/03/2022.

iii. Breakdown of Reserve & Surplus during the period of Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021			As at 31 March 2022	
	No. of Shares Issued	No. of Shares	No. of Shares Issued During the year	No. of Shares Issued	No. of Shares
Equity Reserve Capital	1,00,000	10,00,00,000		1,00,000	10,00,00,000
Equity Reserve	1,00,000	10,00,00,000		1,00,000	10,00,00,000

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021			As at 31 March 2022	
	No. of Shares Issued	No. of Shares	No. of Shares Issued During the year	No. of Shares Issued	No. of Shares
Equity Reserve Capital	1,00,000	10,00,00,000		1,00,000	10,00,00,000
Equity Reserve	1,00,000	10,00,00,000		1,00,000	10,00,00,000

iv. Breakdown of Reserve & Surplus during the period of Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2022	
	No. of Shares Issued	No. of Shares	No. of Shares Issued	No. of Shares
Equity Reserve Capital	1,00,000	10,00,00,000	1,00,000	10,00,00,000
Equity Reserve	1,00,000	10,00,00,000	1,00,000	10,00,00,000
Equity Reserve Capital	1,00,000	10,00,00,000	1,00,000	10,00,00,000
Equity Reserve	1,00,000	10,00,00,000	1,00,000	10,00,00,000



Adani Ports & Special Economic Zones Limited
Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022
(IN INDIAN RUPEES IN LAKHS)

Refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Net Tangible assets divided in equity share

The Company has only one class of share, namely equity share having a par value of Rs. 10/- Each share of Equity Share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Share will be entitled to receive out of the remaining assets of the company after deduction of all liabilities payable. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shareholding outstanding.

Particulars	2022	2021
	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
A EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
(a) Equity Finance		
As per the accounts	1,17,940	1,17,940
Add: Additions during the year	1,17,940	1,17,940
(b) Liabilities Finance		
As per the accounts	1,00,000	1,00,000
Add: Additions during the year	1,00,000	1,00,000
(c) Long-term Debt Finance		
As per the accounts	1,00,000	1,00,000
Add: Additions during the year	1,00,000	1,00,000
Add: Prior Period Finance	1,00,000	1,00,000
Less: Deductions in the year	1,00,000	1,00,000
Total	3,35,880	3,35,880



Table 1: 2015-16 Budget
Section 1: 2015-16 Budget
Table 1: 2015-16 Budget
Table 1: 2015-16 Budget

Particulars	2015-16	2016-17
1. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
1.1. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
1.2. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000

2. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
2.1. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
2.2. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
2.3. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000

3. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
3.1. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
3.2. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
3.3. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000

4. 2015-16 Budget

5. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.1. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.2. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.3. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.4. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.5. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.6. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.7. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.8. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.9. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
5.10. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000

6. 2015-16 Budget

Particulars	Less than 100	100 to 200	200 to 300	More than 300	Total
1. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	4,00,00,000
2. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	4,00,00,000
3. 2015-16 Budget	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000	4,00,00,000



Annual Report 2019/2020
Accounting and Finance Department
of the University of the Western Cape

Report on the Financial Statements of the University of the Western Cape for the year ended 31 March 2020

(As required by the Public Finance Management Act 1997)

Report on the Financial Statements of the University of the Western Cape for the year ended 31 March 2020

Report on the Financial Statements of the University of the Western Cape for the year ended 31 March 2020

Particulars	2019/2020	2018/2019	2017/2018	2016/2017	2015/2016
Revenue	11 000 000	10 500 000	10 000 000	9 500 000	9 000 000
Expenses	(10 500 000)	(10 000 000)	(9 500 000)	(9 000 000)	(8 500 000)
Surplus	500 000	500 000	500 000	500 000	500 000

Revenue	11 000 000	10 500 000
Expenses	(10 500 000)	(10 000 000)
Surplus	500 000	500 000
Revenue	11 000 000	10 500 000
Expenses	(10 500 000)	(10 000 000)
Surplus	500 000	500 000

Revenue	11 000 000	10 500 000
Expenses	(10 500 000)	(10 000 000)
Surplus	500 000	500 000
Revenue	11 000 000	10 500 000
Expenses	(10 500 000)	(10 000 000)
Surplus	500 000	500 000



Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 March 2021

of the 14th Finance Commission

for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021

(Statement of Financial Position)

For the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021

Statement of Financial Position

	1 April 2020	31 March 2021	1 April 2020	31 March 2021	1 April 2020	31 March 2021
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and balances with banks	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00
Receivables						
Prepaid expenses						
Other current assets						
Non-current Assets						
Property, plant and equipment						
Intangible assets						
Other non-current assets						

Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Payables						
Provisions						
Other current liabilities						
Non-current Liabilities						
Long-term debt						
Other non-current liabilities						

Equity						
Paid-up capital						
Reserves						
Retained earnings						
Other reserves						

Other						
Other assets						
Other liabilities						
Other equity						

Other						
Other assets						
Other liabilities						
Other equity						

Other						
Other assets						
Other liabilities						
Other equity						



Salford Trusts & Trustees Limited
(formerly called Salford Trusts & Trustees Private Limited)
(IN THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTS)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2015

(All amounts in Pounds Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2015	Year Ended 31.03.2014
IN RESERVE CONTRIBUTIONS		
(a) Value of reserves	111,171.12	108,032.91
(b) Other reserves income	1,147.75	1,144.79
	112,318.87	109,177.70

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2015	Year Ended 31.03.2014
IN OTHER INCOME		
(a) Interest and dividend income	52.03	10.11
(b) Rental income	80.81	26.44
(c) Dividend income	11.49	-
(d) Profit & loss of investments	117.94	-
(e) Miscellaneous income	154.94	99.99
	416.21	236.54

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2015	Year Ended 31.03.2014
IN COST OF SERVICES PROVIDED		
(a) Personnel	10,404.44	10,714.11
(b) Other expenses	96.24	2,095.17
	10,500.68	12,809.28

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2015	Year Ended 31.03.2014
IN CHARGES TO RESERVE FUND		
Company bank	100.54	100.54
Loan charges	497.38	719.11
	597.92	819.65

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2015	Year Ended 31.03.2014
IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION		
(a) Current assets	1,200.48	1,200.48
(b) Sundry & other assets	1,780.89	1,420.37
(c) Sundry & other liabilities	-	7.00
(d) Other	796.61	644.21
	3,778.08	3,272.06



Sakana Tanya S. Tanya Limited
(formerly called Sakana Tanya S. Tanya Private Limited)
(CIN: U63000RJ2017PLC154136)

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts in Rupee Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
DEBIT CHARGES		
(a) Bank Charges	66.07	87.16
(b) Interest Charges	1,208.31	-
(c) Foreign Exchange Differential Loss	13.11	-
	1,287.49	87.16
Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
OTHER INCOMES		
(a) Subsidy	30.00	30.00
(b) Advertisement Payment	1,055.81	902.00
(c) Brokerage Fee	-	30.00
(d) Interest Income Charges	171.38	208.11
(e) Director's Sitting Fees	8.00	11.44
(f) Dividend Arrears	6.33	10.00
(g) Donation	-	108.39
(h) Forensic Charges	173.06	40.00
(i) Indirect Tax C/T	-	271.08
(j) Interest, Telegram and Broadband Charges	104.77	251.02
(k) Legal & Professional Charges	407.05	20.00
(l) Membership & Subscriptions	30.00	1.00
(m) Office Expenses	1,086.29	1,377.67
(n) Printing & Stationery and Postage	86.75	130.00
(o) Professional Tax, Trade License & Other Expenses	66.07	41.00
(p) Rent & Maintenance Charges	1,189.65	1,387.07
(q) Rent & Marketing Expenses	88.30	108.00
(r) Software Charges	106.05	40.00
(s) Traveling Expenses	100	470.00
(t) Other Expenses	22.16	-
	5,545.06	6,210.97



(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Capital and Other Commitments

Commitments arising in course of year: Rs. 10, Provision for Rs. 11;

Contingent Liabilities

No contingent liabilities during the year are Rs. 10, (Previous Year Rs. 0)

11. Payment to Auditors	Year ended 31 March 2023	Year ended 31 March 2022
Income Tax Audit Fee	11.00	10.00
Tax Audit Fee	1.00	1.00

20. No per requirement of M. 17, "Borrowing", no discounts are reported to be held since the Company's activities consist of purely business nature.

21. Significant Expenditure in Foreign Currency

- a) Expenditure in Foreign Currency: Rs. 0
- b) Expenditure in Foreign Currency: Rs. 0, (Previous Year Rs. 1,111.00)

22. Related Party Disclosures

Key Management Personnel

- a) Vinod Kumar Chavan - Director
- b) Suresh Chavan - Director (D)
- c) Anil Kumar Patel - Independent Director
- d) Pradip Desai Chavan - Director
- e) Gopal Agarwal - Independent Director
- f) Purni Agarwal - Company Secretary

Enterprises over which BPP have significant influence

- a) K. K. Chavan & Associates, Firm in which Director is Partner
- b) Balfour Beatty India Pvt. Ltd. - Company under sole management
- c) Chavan Capital (P) Ltd. and BPP is a director
- d) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- e) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- f) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- g) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- h) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- i) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- j) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
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- m) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
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- o) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- p) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- q) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- r) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- s) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- t) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- u) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- v) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- w) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- x) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- y) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director
- z) BPP Finance Pvt. Ltd. - BPP is a director

Existence of Subsidiary Company

Balfour Beatty India Limited subsidiary was incorporated in India on 10th March 2023. The company is yet to commence its operations and there are no transactions recorded during the period.



Belmont Finance & Investment Limited
(Formerly called Belmont Finance & Investment Plc)
CIN No.: L26200GJ1997PLC024132
Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts in Rupees Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Notes of Transactions during the year
Particulars

Year Ended
31 March 2023 **Year Ended**
31 March 2024

at Loan Taken	13,500.79	887.37
at Redemption of Loan	(17,401.75)	(8744.71)
at Reimbursement Salary	1,411.88	1471.85
at Sale of Services	Nil	274.85
at Bank Fund	732.80	132.00

Directors Sitting Fees	30.00	30.00
-------------------------------	--------------	--------------

Transactions during which H&B has no significant influence:

at Loan Taken	1,300.00	925.20
at Redemption of Loan	250.00	(1025.00)
at Sale of Services	407.41	274.85

Relative of Key Management Personnel

at Sale of Services	Nil	38.70
at Loan Taken	Nil	Nil
at Redemption of Loan	Nil	Nil
at Professional Fees	Nil	Nil

Balance at the end of the year

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024
Key Management Personnel		
at Loan	1,300.00	1,300.00

11. Earnings Per Share

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2024
Weighted average number of shares at the beginning of the year	47,54,302	47,54,302
Net Difference of Issuance or Repurchase of shares		
Weighted average number of shares at the end of the year	47,54,302	47,54,302
Net Profit/Loss: after tax available for equity share holders	1,877.86	2077.24
Earnings per share (Rs.)	0.40	0.02
Diluted Earnings per share (Rs.)	0.40	0.02



Salim Tawak & Partners Limited
Formerly called Salim Tawak & Partners Limited
CIN No. U000002007PLC011120
Letter to the Shareholders of Salim Tawak & Partners Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022

get account in respect of Financials, where applicable stated.

26. The company is not to be taken into liquidation in the company as stated in 100% of the company's assets.
27. The provisions of Section 100 of the Companies Act 2013 is not applicable to the company.
28. Previous year's accounts have been replaced wherever provided necessary to conform with the classification of current year.

For and on behalf of the company

For P. Maheshwari & Co.
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number 000664


 P. Maheshwari
 Partner
 Membership Number 000664

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of
 Salim Tawak & Partners Limited


 Board of Directors
 Director
 Director


 Board of Directors
 Director
 Director


 Board of Directors
 Director
 Director

Page 1/1
 Date: 30.03.2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of Sakshi Tours & Travels Limited
(Formerly called Sakshi Tours & Travels Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Sakshi Tours & Travels Limited (formerly called Sakshi Tours & Travels Private Limited) (the "Company") and its subsidiary (the "Investing Company") and its subsidiary together (hereinafter referred to as "Group") which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, together with the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its profit and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are related to the audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance to our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and of forming our opinion thereon, and are not provided as separate opinions on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in this context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report that have fulfilled the representation described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including its relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion in the accompanying financial statements.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Revenue Recognition Order Sales (in 100) and 18. Revenue Recognition and Revenue from Operations in the financial statements. As disclosed in notes to the financial statements revenue is recognized on completion and receipt of delivery notes. Despite Yum Tawal and Tawal Related Company has a risk of fraud and revenue on multiple host office IT system and the migration to new office system. Thus, it has been considered as significant matter for audit.	Our audit procedures included the following: - Assessing the policies in respect of revenue recognition by comparing with the applicable standards. - Inspecting the design, testing the implementation and operating effectiveness of the company's internal controls over revenue recognition along with effectiveness of Information Technology control that is automated process. - Checking of completeness and accuracy of the data used in the Company by testing the control in operation. - Selecting sample of revenue transactions and testing the same for accuracy and pricing. - Testing the revenue based on agreements where applicable. - Performing analysis over the revenue for trend and ratio under scrutiny. - Assessing journal entries posted to ledger to identify unusual items not covered by it.



Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Issuing Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Issuing Report including Annexures to Issuing Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

The opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we consider that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Issuing Company's Board of Directors. The Issuing Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the information in section 134 (3) of the Act with regard to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of appropriate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for substantiating the results of the Company and for providing and retaining books and other information, selection and application of appropriate accounting policies, making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, related to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statement by Board of Directors of the Issuing Company, as shown:

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The objective of the audit is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee for an audit conducted in accordance with the UK audit framework. A material misstatement is one that, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, issued under section 143(1) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Principles

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(1) of the Companies Act 2006, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the holding has adequate internal financial control system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Consider in the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and report on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. The conclusions are based on the audit evidence gathered up to the date of our auditor's report; however, there is a possibility that events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern, and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



- Other sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the internal control systems of the entities is business evidence within the Group. It is noted in relation to the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for the design, implementation and performance of the audit of financial statements of our entities included in the financial statements, of which we are the independent auditor.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

Generally, the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, raises the probability that the aggregate decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced, the concern qualitative measures and qualitative factors in (i) assessing the nature of any audit work and (ii) evaluating the results of our work, and (iii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements on the consolidated financial statements.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all independence and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and any related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we identify those matters that were of most significance to the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and set forth in the key audit matters. The description of these matters in our auditor's report should be of explanatory purposes. Public discussion about the matter or what, in varying circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated is not required because the public consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

The financial statements include the Group steps of total assets Rs 12.31 thousand and profit after tax Rs 18, for the year ended 31 March 2023 is subject of our observation.



- a. The Company has not been audited by the Auditor, including directors, members, or other persons who have been audited by the Auditor.
- b. There were no accounts which were required to be transferred, by the Director, Director and Director, by the Director, Company and its subsidiaries, during the year ended 31 March 2020.
- c. (i) The respective management of the Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received or retained (either from borrowed funds or other sources or any other source or kind of funds) by the company or by any of such subsidiaries or by any other person or persons, including foreign entities ("intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded or not, or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever for or on behalf of the company or by its subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
(ii) The respective management of the Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received or retained (either from borrowed funds or other sources or any other source or kind of funds) by the company or by any other person or persons, including foreign entities ("intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded or not, or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever for or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
(iii) Based on such audit procedures that were considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to the notice of the Auditor of the audited company that has caused it to believe that the representation, made by the management of the company, is not correct.
- d. The Company has not received any dividend during the year, as required under the clause for the compliance with section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 is inapplicable.
- e. With respect to the matters specified in the paragraph 10(a) and 11 of the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order 2015 ("the CARO/ARCs") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143(1) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's Report according to the information and explanations given to us and based on the CARO reports issued to us by the Company and its subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of the company, to which the reporting under CARO is applicable, we state that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.



6. Based on our examination which included walk checks, the Group, in review of financial year ended 31 March 2020, has continued to use the accounting software for maintaining books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail audit log facility and the same has been assessed throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of audit we did not come across any instances of audit trail feature being tampered with. Furthermore, the audit trail has been preserved by the Group as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

P. Mahalingam & Co.
Chartered Accountants
CMA Firm Registration Number: 000414/02


P. Mahalingam
Partner
Membership Number: 30333



Place: Kolkata
Date: 20th May 2020
(274) 3377921/3377922, 9434441034/9434441035

Annex 1 to the independent auditor's report of audit date on the consolidated financial statements of Salim Tounsi & Tounsi Limited (formerly called Salim Tounsi & Tounsi Private Limited)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 44 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of Salim Tounsi & Tounsi Limited (formerly called Salim Tounsi & Tounsi Private Limited) ("the auditing Company") and its subsidiaries together referred to as the Group as on March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the auditing Company and its subsidiary company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company consisting the essential components of Internal control system in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls with operating effectively to ensure the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to audits of the internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements was positioned and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements.



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Journal of Internal Medicine 247: 105–111
DOI: 10.1046/j.1365-2796.2000.01800.x

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Dr. P. S. Srinivasan
 Chairman, Institute
 N. of Veterinary Science, Bangalore
 Bangalore
 Bangalore
 Bangalore

For more information, contact:

Scott A. Brown Vice President (800) 368-6600	Scott A. Brown Vice President (800) 368-6600
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STATE OF TEXAS

COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

STATE OF TEXAS

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUE & EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

and related to the State of Texas, as compared to the year ending September 30, 2021

Particulars	Page No.	Year Ended For Month, 2022	Year Ended For Month, 2021
1. Revenue	14	1,007,904	1,007,904
2. Other Revenue	14	1,007,904	1,007,904
3. TOTAL INCOME		1,007,904	1,007,904
4. Expenses			
5. Cost of Services Provided	10	1,007,904	1,007,904
6. Depreciation Expense	10	1,007,904	1,007,904
7. Employee Benefit Expense	12	1,007,904	1,007,904
8. Interest Expense	12	1,007,904	1,007,904
9. Transportation and Travel Expense	12	1,007,904	1,007,904
10. Other Expense	12	1,007,904	1,007,904
11. Total Expense	12	1,007,904	1,007,904
12. TOTAL EXPENSE		1,007,904	1,007,904
13. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
14. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
15. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
16. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
17. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
18. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
19. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
20. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
21. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
22. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
23. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
24. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
25. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
26. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
27. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
28. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
29. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
30. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
31. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
32. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
33. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
34. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
35. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
36. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
37. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
38. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
39. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
40. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
41. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
42. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
43. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
44. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
45. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
46. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
47. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
48. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
49. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
50. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
51. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
52. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
53. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
54. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
55. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
56. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
57. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
58. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
59. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
60. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
61. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
62. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
63. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
64. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
65. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
66. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
67. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
68. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
69. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
70. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
71. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
72. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
73. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
74. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
75. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
76. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
77. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
78. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
79. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
80. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
81. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
82. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
83. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
84. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
85. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
86. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
87. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
88. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
89. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
90. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
91. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
92. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
93. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
94. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
95. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
96. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
97. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904
98. Total Income		1,007,904	1,007,904
99. Total Expense		1,007,904	1,007,904
100. Net Income (Loss) (NFI)		1,007,904	1,007,904

Page 1 of 12 Total of budget items of these financial statements

This is the Consolidated Statement of Revenue and Expense of the State of Texas

For: Mr. [Name]

Chairman of the Board

1111 First Avenue, Suite 1000, Dallas, TX 75201

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

United Texas Bank, N.A.

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]

Signature: [Signature]

Printed Name: [Name]



Authorized: 10/10/2022

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20250

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE FOR THE YEAR 1964

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE

Item	1964	1963	1962
A. Land and Water Resources			
Total land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Land and water resources	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to publish this report in whole or in part, in any form, and to make such changes as may be necessary to make it more useful. The Secretary of Agriculture is also authorized to make such changes as may be necessary to make it more useful.

For further information, contact the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. 20250.

Secretary of Agriculture
 James E. Webb

Washington, D. C. 20250



James E. Webb
 Secretary of Agriculture
 Washington, D. C. 20250



NOTE NO. 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Company Overview

Safaricom Trust & Trustees Limited (formerly called Safaricom Trusts for Trustees Private Limited) is a public company domiciled in Kenya and registered under the provisions of Companies Act 2012. The Company is listed on the Nairobi Securities Exchange under the CNF Number 14300000000000000000.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared by Safaricom Trust & Trustees Ltd and its subsidiary collectively referred as "the Group" as per the details below:

Name of the Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Year ending 31st March 2023
Safaricom Trusts (Public)	Kenya	2022/23

2. Basis of Preparation of consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented under the historical cost convention in consolidated basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Kenya ("Kenyan GAAP") and comply in all material aspects with the mandatory Accounting Standards (AS) promulgated under Section 120 of the Companies Act, 2012. The AS are read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021, and with the exempted provisions of the AS and pronouncements of the Institute of Certified Accountants of Kenya (ICAK). The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous year.

All assets and liabilities have been identified as current or non-current as per the Company's policies. In making up the consolidated financial statements, the Group has taken into account the nature of the work. The Company has endeavored to conduct a review of its records and documents for the purpose of ascertaining and subsequent classification of assets and liabilities.

The consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in Kenyan Shillings (KSh), which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in KSh has been rounded off to nearest thousands as per requirements of Schedule II, unless otherwise stated.

3. Basis of Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group eliminates the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiary line by line setting against the levels of assets, liabilities, equity, income and expenses.



10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which require the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting periods. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and where actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant estimates used by management in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements include the estimates of the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, provisions for bad and doubtful debts and workers benefits. Any changes to accounting estimates are recognized immediately.

V. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment ("PPE") are stated at cost, net of depreciation. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any cost directly attributable for bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Subsequent expenditures, if any, related to an item of PPE are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from existing asset beyond its previously assessed residual value.

The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for its intended use at each reporting date are disclosed as assets under construction. At the point when asset is operating, its management decided use, the cost of construction is transferred to appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciated commensally.

Property, Plant and Equipment is decomposed or disposed when no future benefits are expected to be realized. Any gain or loss arising on decompositon of assets calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognized in other income/expense or the statement of profit/losses in the year the asset is decomposed.

The cost of intangible assets not ready to use at the end of the reporting date are classified as intangible assets under development.

At the point when asset is operating its management decided use, the cost of construction is transferred to appropriate intangible assets and depreciated commensally.

VI. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is determined using the Straight Line Method on pro rata basis based on the useful life of the asset as prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

10. Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising due to the difference in the exchange rate between the transaction date and the date of settlement of any monetary item is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the balance sheet and resultant gains/loss, if any, is recorded as income or expense in the



Global Funds & Income Fund
(Formerly called Global Funds & Income/Private Limited)
CIN No. U28590MH2019PL1234736

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020

(continued from page 40)

17. Revenue Recognition

- (i) Revenue is recognised in compliance with nature of underlying service
- (ii) Project in Progress is accounted as contract bill
- (iii) Interest income is recognised on a time proportionately basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the due date.

18. Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash and deposit with banks. The Company considers all highly liquid investments at the time of purchase with a maturity of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

19. Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost and not exceeding value at cost or net realisable value.

20. Debtors

Debtors is accounted in books as per provisions of Payment of Debts Act, 1977.

21. Taxes on Income

The expense comprises income tax and dividend tax.

(a) Current tax

The tax expense comprises of current taxes and deferred taxes. Current tax is the amount of income tax assessable to be payable in respect of taxable income for a period as per the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (IT Act).

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the effect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversing in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred

tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax base enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and recognised (or recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable virtual certainty, depending on the nature of the timing differences, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised).

22. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.



Barclays Bank PLC
Barclays Bank PLC
Barclays Bank PLC

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022
Comparative figures are not included in the consolidated financial statements. However, comparative figures are presented in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021, to assist in understanding the impact of the changes in the financial statements.

2.1. Earnings Per Share

a) Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net Profit or Loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

b) For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net Profit or Loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders is the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding if we are to adjust for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.2. Dividend Payments

Dividend Payments are made at the rate of 5 pence per share payable on 15 May 2022.



1. 凡在本公司工作之员工，其工资由基本工资、绩效工资、奖金、津贴、补贴、福利费、社会保险费、住房公积金等组成。

Account		2019		2018	
		2019	2018	2019	2018
1	Assets				
1.1	Current Assets				
1.1.1	Cash and cash equivalents	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
1.1.2	Accounts receivable	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
1.1.3	Inventory	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
1.1.4	Prepaid expenses	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
1.1.5	Other current assets	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
1.2	Non-current Assets				
1.2.1	Property, plant and equipment	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
1.2.2	Intangible assets	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000
1.2.3	Financial assets	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000
1.2.4	Other non-current assets	25,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
1.3	Total Assets	63,000,000	63,000,000	63,000,000	63,000,000
2	Liabilities				
2.1	Current Liabilities				
2.1.1	Accounts payable	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
2.1.2	Short-term debt	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
2.1.3	Other current liabilities	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
2.2	Non-current Liabilities				
2.2.1	Long-term debt	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
2.2.2	Other non-current liabilities	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000	15,000,000
2.3	Total Liabilities	31,000,000	31,000,000	31,000,000	31,000,000
3	Equity				
3.1	Share capital	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
3.2	Reserves	22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000
3.3	Total Equity	32,000,000	32,000,000	32,000,000	32,000,000
4	Total Liabilities and Equity	63,000,000	63,000,000	63,000,000	63,000,000

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2019 in US\$ million				
2019		2018		
Assets		Liabilities and Equity		
Non-current assets		Non-current liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment		Long-term debt		
1,234.5		1,567.8		
Intangible assets		Other non-current liabilities		
456.7		123.4		
Total non-current assets		Total non-current liabilities		
1,691.2		1,691.2		
Current assets		Current liabilities		
Cash and cash equivalents		Accounts payable		
789.0		345.6		
Receivables		Other current liabilities		
234.5		123.4		
Inventory		Total current liabilities		
123.4		469.0		
Total current assets		Total current liabilities		
1,146.9		1,146.9		
Total assets		Total liabilities and equity		
2,838.1		2,838.1		
Equity		Shareholders' equity		
Common shares		Common shares		
1,234.5		1,234.5		
Retained earnings		Retained earnings		
456.7		456.7		
Total equity		Total shareholders' equity		
1,691.2		1,691.2		



Annual Report 2023-24
Annual Report 2023-24
Annual Report 2023-24
Annual Report 2023-24

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
A. SALARY & BENEFITS		
1. Salary & Bonus	100.00	100.00
2. Gratuity	10.00	10.00
B. CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROVIDENT FUND		
1. Employees' Provident Fund	10.00	10.00
2. Employees' Pension Scheme	10.00	10.00
C. OTHER BENEFITS		
1. Medical Insurance	10.00	10.00
2. Life Insurance	10.00	10.00
3. Other Benefits	10.00	10.00
Total	140.00	140.00

Particulars	2023-24	2022-23
A. SALARY & BENEFITS		
1. Salary & Bonus	100.00	100.00
2. Gratuity	10.00	10.00
B. CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROVIDENT FUND		
1. Employees' Provident Fund	10.00	10.00
2. Employees' Pension Scheme	10.00	10.00
C. OTHER BENEFITS		
1. Medical Insurance	10.00	10.00
2. Life Insurance	10.00	10.00
3. Other Benefits	10.00	10.00
Total	140.00	140.00



Nathan Jones & Partners Limited
 (formerly called Nathan Jones & Partners Private Limited)
 (INCORPORATED IN SINGAPORE)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

(All amounts in Singapore Dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
16. RECEIVABLE DISCOUNTS		
(a) Sale of Goods	1,771,253.38	1,38,811.77
(b) Other Discount Factors	5,587.88	8,888.79
	1,776,841.26	1,47,700.56

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
17. OTHER PAYABLE		
(a) Interest on Fixed Deposits	92.84	36.78
(b) Dividend Received	96.20	36,452
(c) Financial Income	13.09	-
(d) Trade or Debt of Government	111.39	-
(e) Miscellaneous Income	188.56	199.69
	400.08	73,348.56

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
18. COST OF SERVICE AS PROVIDED		
(a) Cost of Services	1,28,485.18	2,81,736.57
(b) Depreciation	582.10	1,781.77
	1,29,067.28	2,83,518.34

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
19. CHANGE IN VALUE OF INVENTORIES		
Opening Stock	28.44	776.13
Closing Stock	689.38	218.18
	660.94	141.75

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2023	Year Ended 31.03.2022
20. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE		
(a) Director Remuneration	1,288.88	1,288.88
(b) Salary & Allowances	2,783.88	7,413.87
(c) Staff Welfare Expenses	-	1.88
(d) Bonus	196.40	688.22
	4,269.16	9,392.85

Nadim Tours & Travels Limited
(formerly called Nadim Tours & Travels Private Limited)
(CIN: LAC00W2287MPLC134136)

Shown by the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019

(Adjusted to Reserve Transfers, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2019	Year Ended 31.03.2018
28 FINANCE COST		
(a) Bank Charges	448.75	601.76
(b) Interest Charges	1,238.75	
(c) Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Loss	15.72	
	(1,603.22)	601.76

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2019	Year Ended 31.03.2018
29 OTHER EXPENSES		
(a) Audit Fee	25.00	30.00
(b) Advertisement Expenses	1,995.00	441.00
(c) Brokerage Fees	-	50.00
(d) Commission Charges	(70.00)	209.50
(e) Director's Sitting Fees	18.00	20.00
(f) Discount Allowed	6.00	32.50
(g) Donations	-	10.00
(h) Electricity Charges	173.00	348.24
(i) Insurance CTC	-	34.00
(j) Internet, Telephone and Broadband Charges	124.75	131.00
(k) Legal & Professional Charges	407.00	105.00
(l) Stationery & Subscription	35.76	51.9
(m) Travel Expenses	1,016.25	1,077.67
(n) Printing & Stationery and Postage	94.75	128.44
(o) Professional Fees, Trade License & Other Expenses	44.00	47.00
(p) Rent & Maintenance Charges	1,000.00	1,295.17
(q) Sales & Marketing Expenses	80.00	199.00
(r) Software Charges	136.00	60.00
(s) Travelling Expenses	1.00	477.19
(t) Other Expenses	21.15	-
	7,747.50	6,111.97



Bank Tansa (Tansa) (Pvt) Ltd
(Formerly known as Bank Tansa (Tansa Private) (Pvt) Ltd)
(CIN No. : 330000000001733113)
Annex to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020
(All amount in Rupee/Taka, unless otherwise stated)

21. Commitments and Contingencies

Capital and Other Commitments

Commitment for acquisition of intangible assets: Nil. (Previous Year: Nil)

Contingent Liability

The contingent liabilities during the year is Nil Nil. (Previous Year Nil Nil)

22. Auditor Remuneration

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2020
Towards Statutory Audit Fees	17.50	17.50
Net Audit Fees	2.50	2.50

23. As per requirement of AS 17, "Segment Reporting", no disclosures are required to be made since the Company's activities consists of a single business segment.

24. Earnings/Expenditure in Foreign Currency

a) Earnings in Foreign Currency: Nil Nil.

b) Expenditure in Foreign Currency: Nil Nil. (Previous Year Nil Nil)

25. Related party Disclosures

Key Management Personnel

- a) Md. Masud Chowdhury: Director
- b) Sheikh Chatterjee: Director/CFO
- c) Md. Masud Fazel: Independent Director
- d) Farukul Haque: Director - Director
- e) Gazi Asghar: Independent Director
- f) Feroz Agha: Company Secretary

Enterprises over which KMP have significant influence

- a) A. K. Chatterjee & Associates: Firm in which Director is Partner
- b) Tansa Capital Pvt. Ltd.: Concern under same management
- c) Chatterjee Capital City and Finance Pvt. Ltd: KMP is a Director
- d) Feroz Finance Pvt. Ltd: KMP is a Director
- e) Masud Finance Pvt. Ltd: KMP is a Director
- f) Feroz Finance Merchants Pvt. Ltd.: KMP is a Director
- g) G. M. Chatterjee & Sons: (H/F) KMP is a Director
- h) Jaffer & Associates: which Director is Partner

Relative of Key Management Personnel

- a) Jaffer & Associates & Co.: Proprietor in which of Director



Reliant Tours & Travels Limited
Formerly called Reliant Tours & Travels Private Limited
CIN No.: L28000Guj2012PLC111104
Report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024
(All Amount in Rupees Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Details of Subsidiary Company

Reliant Private Limited subsidiary was incorporated in India on 07 March 2023. The company is not in commerce by business and there are no transactions conducted during the period.

Nature of Transactions during the year

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2024
(a) Loan Taken	11,000.00	800.00
(b) Repayment of Loan	19,481.96	(468.15)
(c) Repayment Salary	7,453.48	1473.00
(d) Sale of Services	Nil	134.00
(e) Rent Paid	732.00	732.00
Director Sitting Fees	20.00	20.00
Enterprises over which KMP having significant influence		
(a) Loan Taken	1,100.00	100.00
(b) Repayment of Loan	(3,000.00)	(1,600.00)
(c) Sale of Services	487.00	274.00

Analysis of Key Management Personnel

(a) Sale of Services	Nil	25.70
(b) Loan Taken	Nil	Nil
(c) Repayment of Loan	Nil	Nil
(d) Professional Fees	Nil	Nil

Balance at the end of the year

Particulars	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024
Key Management Personnel		
(a) Loan	1,000.00	7,000.00

II. Earnings Per Share

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2023	Year Ended 31 March 2024
Weighted average number of shares at the beginning of the year	47,34,000	47,34,000
Net Effect of Addition or Issue of shares		
Weighted average number of shares at the end of the year	47,34,000	47,34,000
Net Profit/Loss after the amounts for Equity Share holders	1,017.00	3971.25
Basic Earnings per share (Rs.)	0.41	0.80
Diluted Earnings per share (Rs.)	0.41	0.80



11 Other Additional Regulatory Information as per Schedule III

11.1 Legal and Regulatory compliance (as demanded or without specifying the provisions or subject of compliance to which the company)

During the March 31st March 2023 the company did not provide any loans and advances which involve maintaining accounts as demanded or without specifying any term or period of repayment to natural persons (Pb. para 134 Item 30.4)

11.2 Disclosure in relation to undisclosed income:

The Company does not any such income which is not recorded in the books of account and has been surreptitiously disclosed as income during the period ending 31st March 2023 and also for the period ending 31st March 2022As per the statements under the income tax act 1961 about an income or income or any related proceeds of the income (Section 134(1)(f))

11.3 Relation with deposit of Government:-

The Company did not have any transactions with company's deposit of during the period year ending 31st March 2023 and also for the period ending 31st March 2022

11.4 Details of Revenue Property held:-

The Company did not have any interest property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company during the period ending 31st March 2023 and also for the period ending 31st March 2022As per the Accounting of Revenue Property

11.5 Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC):-

The Company has not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period, partly the period ended 31st March 2023 and also for the period ending 31st March 2022

11.6 Details of Credit Guarantees or Mutual Guaranty:-

The Company have no liability created in Credit Guarantees or Mutual Guaranty during the period ending 31st March 2023 available for the period ending 31st March 2022

11.7 Statement of Beneficial Owner and Share Pledge:-

1. The Company have not provided or receive or received funds in any other period (a) or structure, including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding that the intermediary will, as directly or indirectly held or owned in other persons or entities identified or any manner associated to it or behalf of the company (beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee security or the fund to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

2. The Company have not received any fund from any person (a) or entity, including foreign entities (intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall be directly or indirectly held or owned in other persons or entities identified or any manner associated to it or behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee security or the fund to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries



Bakel Toys & Trains Limited
(Formerly called Bakel Toys & Trains Private Limited)

CIN No. U22999WB2019PL2284198

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022
(All amount in Rupees Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

25. The compliance related to Ind AS is not applicable to the company as it is not a [] Public Company of Indian Stock Exchange.

26. The provision of Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the company.

27. Previous year's amounts have been regrouped / rearranged wherever considered necessary to conform with the classification of current year.

We can not report of over cost

For P. Mahapatra & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number: 0000000000000000

Partner
Firm
Member No. 0000000000000000



For and behalf of Board of Directors of
Bakel Toys & Trains Limited

For and
Director
(Signature)

For and
Director
(Signature)

For and
Company Secretary
(Signature)

Place: Kolkata
Date: 28th May, 2022



**Form No. 0017 (4)
PROXY FORM**

This form is to be used only by the Company, Inc. (CIT) and Subs. LLC of the Consumer Management and International Group, LLC.

Name of the Member(s) _____
 Registered address _____
 E-mail ID _____
 Telephone, Cell No. & Home No. _____

I/We, being the member(s) of _____ holding _____ share(s) of the above-named company, hereby appoint

1. Name _____

E-mail ID _____

Address _____

Signature

or acting director

2. Name _____

E-mail ID _____

Address _____

Signature

or acting Director or proxy holder (being a natural and legal person) to act on my/our behalf at the 4th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 412-42 Ground Floor, 3rd Lane City Center I, Bellwethergate, Tower B, Preetnam, Indraprastha, New Delhi-110028, India, 20th September, 2022 and of any adjournments thereof in respect of such resolutions as may be passed thereon.

S. No.	Description	For	Against
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the consolidated and consolidated audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 st March 2022 and the reports of its Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.		
2.	To reappoint Mr. Senthil Chelvan (DIN: 042888) who retires by rotation without right, after having been re-elected.		
3.	To consider and appoint M/s. Kalla International & Co., Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the Company and to authorize the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration.		

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2022

Signature of Shareholder(s) _____

Affix
 Stamp
 Here

- 1) Where put out 10 to the appropriate relation against the member's resolutions, if the latter the "of" or "against" relation held against any or all the resolutions, then the "of" or "against" relation will be void in the case of the relation's application.
- 2) Pursuant to the provisions of Article 10 of the Constitution of 1911, a person who is a member in default of two years from the (10) members and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent (10%) of the total share capital of the Company, carrying voting rights, if possible holding more than ten percent (10%) of the total share capital of the Company, carrying voting rights may exercise a single power of proxy, and such person shall not act as proxy for any other member.
- 3) The text of the Proxy is to be effective should be duly executed, accepted, signed and deposited in the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.

ATTENDANCE SLIP

PLEASE COMPLETE THIS ATTENDANCE SLIP AND RETURN IT TO THE AGT 300
ENTRANCE OF THE HOSPITAL HALL.

Name and address of the registered member	
Full Name (P, M, S, C, etc.)	
Address	
Occupation	

I hereby record my presence at the 4th Annual General Meeting of the Company as held at 4040 Grand Place, Salt Lake City, Sector 1, Salt Lake Nagar, North 24, Hospital Salt Lake, Post Bagal, India, 70004, on Monday, 24th September 1975.

Signature of the Member/ Joint Member/ Proxy attending the meeting		
Signature	Voting (mark 'X' in box)	Received
Member (XXXX)		

Note: Persons attending the Meeting is requested to bring this Attendance Slip and Annual Report with them. Duplicate Attendance Slip and Annual Report will not be issued at the Annual General Meeting.